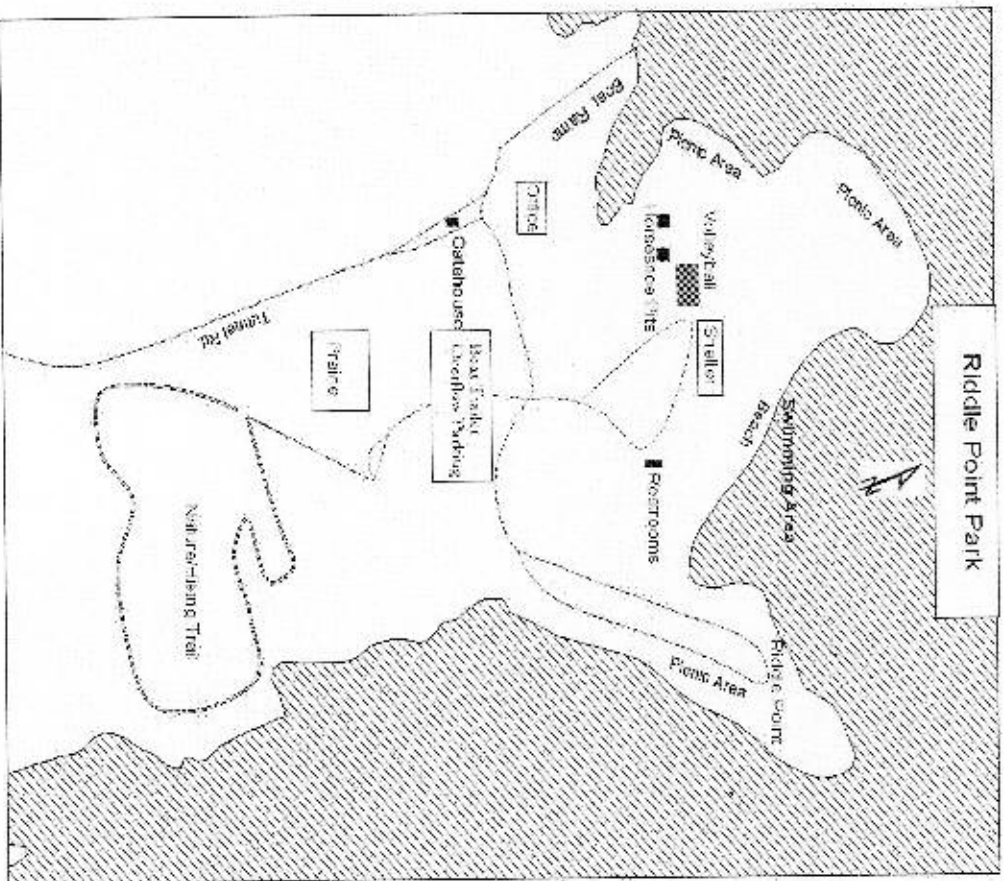


MAP OF RIDDLE POINT PARK



Lake Lemon Riddle Point Park

Welcome to Lake Lemon and Riddle Point Park! Our lake is the 7th largest public reservoir in the state of Indiana with a size of 1,650 surface acres. In addition to a beautiful water resource, Riddle Point Park also offers many fun recreational amenities for both residents and the public to enjoy!



Lake Lemon Conservancy District

7599 N. Tunnel Road
Unionville, Indiana 47468

Phone: 812-334-0233

Fax: 812-335-0038

Email: Llcdoffice@aol.com

Website: www.lakelemon.org

Riddle Point Park Rules:

1. Park Hours: Sunrise to Sunset
 2. Park Gates Locked at Sunset
 3. No Overnight Camping
 4. Ground Fires Not Permitted
 5. Glass Containers Not Allowed on Beach
 6. No Littering
 7. No Off-Road Vehicles
- *Pursuant to Indiana Code 35-43-2-2, persons entering or using the park property before sunrise or after sunset are subject to arrest for criminal trespass.**

RIDDLE POINT PARK

Welcome to Lake Lemon and Riddle Point Park. Our lake is the 7th largest public reservoir in the state of Indiana with a size of 1,650 surface acres. In addition to a beautiful water resource, Riddle Point Park also offers many fun recreational amenities for both residents and the public to enjoy.

Admission is charged to enter the park between Memorial Day weekend and Labor Day weekend. Admission into Riddle Point Park is as follows:

Daily Admission \$4.00/vehicle (Mon-Fri)
\$5.00/vehicle (Sat, Sun & Holidays)

Season Pass \$50.00/vehicle

Many people visit the park to picnic and fish from the shoreline. Riddle Point is optimal for shoreline fishing as it is surrounded by water on three sides. There are also many picnic areas on the Point for users to enjoy.

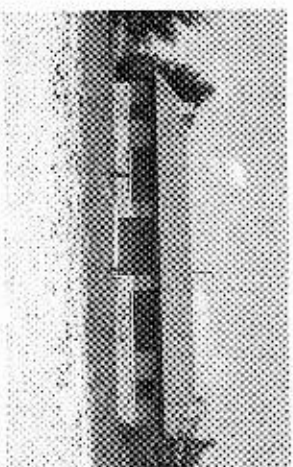
There is also a public boat ramp at Riddle Point Park. **(Please see the Boating Brochure for details.)**

There is a public beach within the park. The beach area is clearly marked with buoys to notify boaters



of the safe swimming area. Please be aware there are no lifeguards on duty at the Lake Lemon Beach.

The park has a sand volleyball court and a horse-shoe-throwing pit. Volleyballs and horseshoes can be borrowed from the Riddle Point gatehouse.



A shelter is available for daily rentals from dawn to dusk. Cost to rent the shelter is \$125.00 plus a \$100.00 refundable damage deposit.

Riddle Point Park also has a short hiking trail located on the south end of the park. On your way to the trail, you will pass a native prairie demonstration area. The restoration area was funded by a Golden Eagle Grant awarded by the Indiana Park and Recreation Association (IPRA) and the Indiana Power and Light Company (IPALCO). The demonstration site was planted through a cooperative effort between the Lake Lemon Conservancy District and Ecologic Inc. out of Bloomington, IN.

The establishment of the Riddle Point park Prairie Demonstration Area increases biodiversity adjacent to the native oak-hickory forest and provides a buffer for erosion control purposes during precipitation events.

After only one year after planting, there are many native plants thriving in the prairie. The following is a description of a few of the perennial plants that can be found in the prairie.



Purple coneflower (*Echinacea purpurea*) can grow up to three feet tall and is easily identified by its vibrant, purple petals. This coneflower blooms during the late summer months.

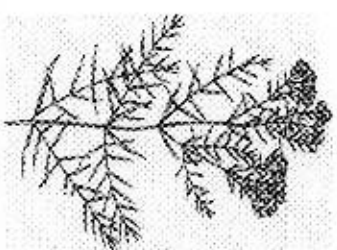
PRAIRIE DEMONSTRATION SITE

New England Aster (*Aster novae-angliae*) produces a purplish blue flower with 40-50 narrow petals and a yellow center. The plant blooms in late summer, early fall. The plant can grow from three to seven feet in height.



Cup plant (*Silphium perfoliatum*) grows to a height of three to six feet tall. The plant blooms with yellow ray flowers in July through October. The cup plant is useful in supplying water for birds and insects.

Black-eyed susan (*Rudbeckia hirta*) plants are a common wildflower that can be found on roadsides and open fields. The plant can grow up to three feet in height. It blooms throughout summer and fall. The plant has coarse, hairy leaves and the flowers have golden-yellow petals with a black center.



Mountain mint (*Pycnanthemum virginianum*) can be identified by the minty odor of its leaves. The plant can grow up to two feet tall and begins to bloom in July. The mountain mint plant has long, thin leaves and a white flower.